

Micro- and Nanotechnology

Micro- and Nanostructures

- Optical lithography
 - resolution limits, -enhancement
 - resist chemistry and -kinetics
 - phase shift masks
- Electron beam lithography
- Device scaling
- Basic concepts of nanotechnologies

Micro- and Nanotechnology

Thin Films

- Preparation of thin films
- Vacuum-based deposition techniques
- Film formation
- Physical properties of thin films
- Characterisation techniques

Smart Materials and Sensors

Materials for Sensors and Electronics

- Dielectrics
- Pyro-, piezo-, ferroelectrics
- Inhomogeneous and composite materials
- Charge conduction in solids

- Dia-, para-, ferromagnetics
- Magnetic recording, XMR-effects

Smart Materials and Sensors

Selected Topics of Sensor Technology

- Lecture series from experts on:
 - Fibre optical sensors
(Prof. Dr. R. Willsch, IPHT Jena)
 - Integrated optical sensors
(Dr. Ruske, Guided Color Technologies Jena),
 - Biosensor technology
(Prof. Dr. K.-H. Feller, EAH Jena),
 - Magnetoresistive sensors
(Dr. R. Mattheis, IPHT Jena),
 - Acceleration sensors and their applications
(U. Oertel, Bachmann Monitoring GmbH Rudolstadt)

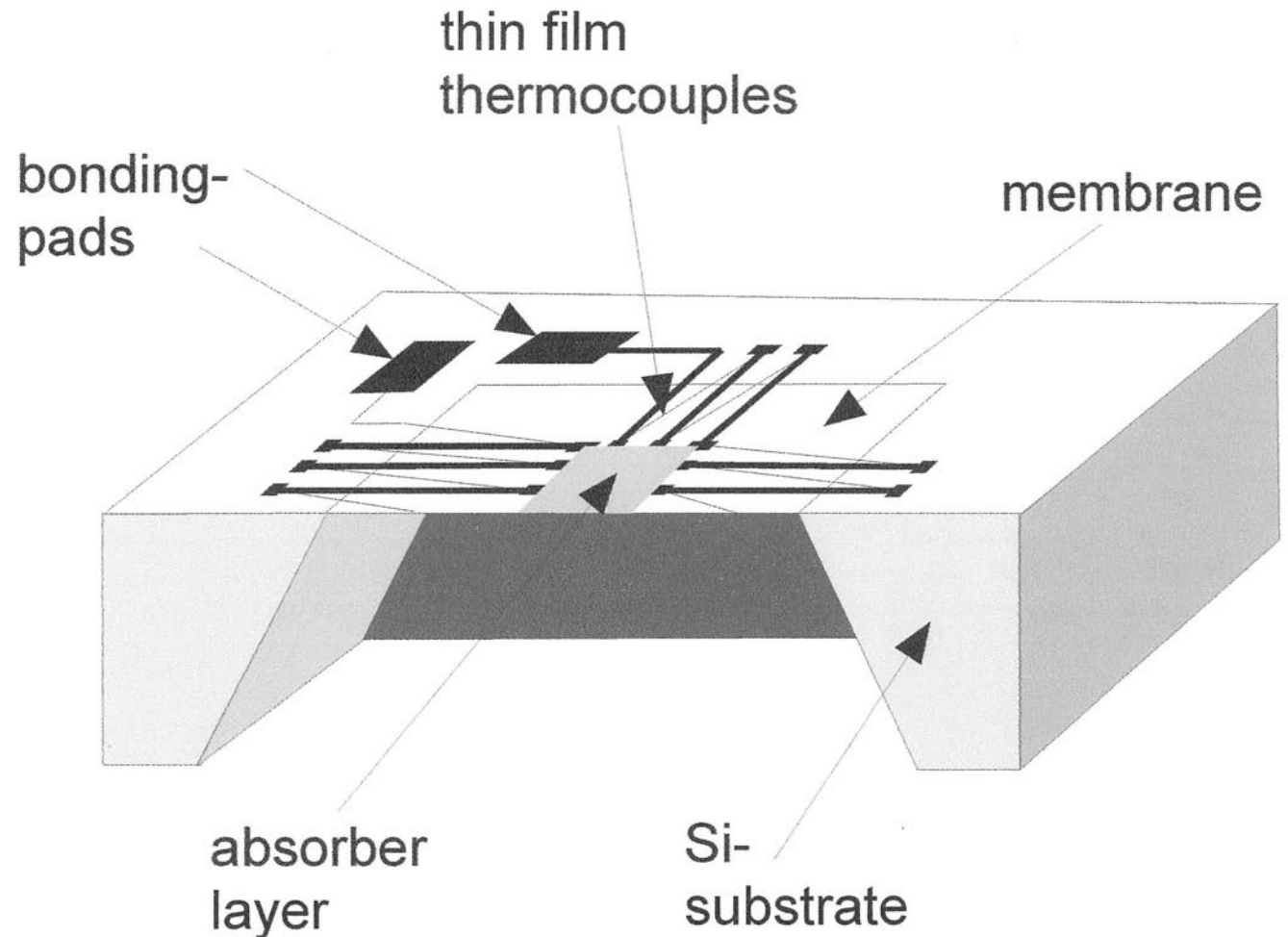
Example Device: Radiation sensor

Required Know-how from
Smart Materials and
Sensors & Micro- and
Nanotechnology

Fabricated in thin film
technology

Picture: thermocouples

Also possible:
pyroelectric material
(PVDF)



Scientific Computing

- Mathematic modelling
- Discretisation
- Fundamental concepts of functional analysis
- Inverse an ill-posed problems
- Regularisation methods

- Multivariate data analysis, test of linear models
- Data analysis using SPSS

Scientific Computing

Fundamental Concepts of Functional Analysis

- Banach-, Hilbert-, Sobolevspace
- Dense sets
- Operators, esp. compact and adjoint operators between function spaces
- Eigen-, singular values, Eigenfunctions of operators
- Singular value decomposition
- Regularisation techniques for operator equations

Scientific Computing

Inverse and ill-posed problems

- Heat conduction forward in time:
=> ``well-behaved''
- Heat conduction backward:
=> ill-posed

Applications in:

- Medical imaging (CT, ultrasonography etc.)
- geological research, climatic modelling

Scientific Computing

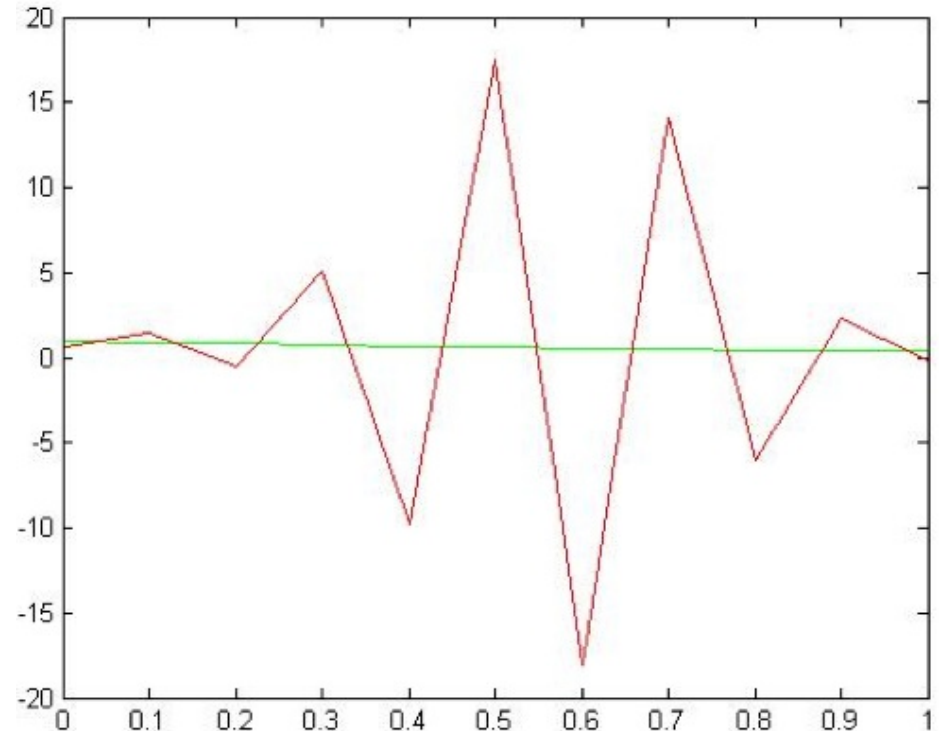
Example:
$$\int_0^1 (x+1)e^{-xy}\varphi(y) dy = 1 - e^{-(x+1)}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

Analytical solution: $\varphi(x) = e^{-x}$

Comparison with numerical solution:

Arising questions:

- Why is numerical solution completely useless?
- How can a sensible solutions be found?



Scientific Computing

Software Available in Pools

- Matlab
- Mathematica
- Maple
- Mupad
- SPSS
- Scilab
- Comsol Multiphysics (FEM)

Metrology and Analytics



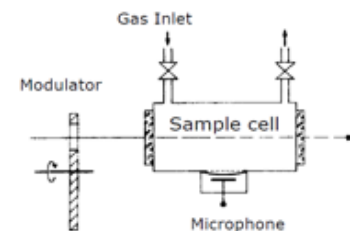
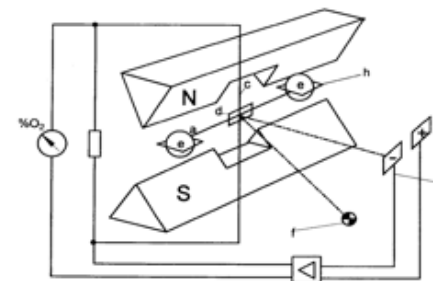
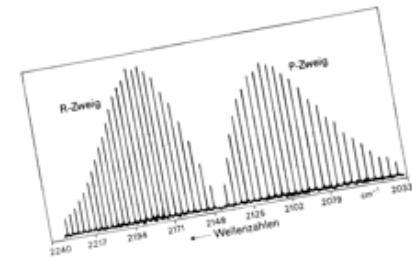
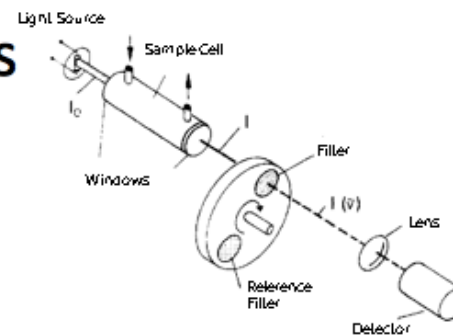
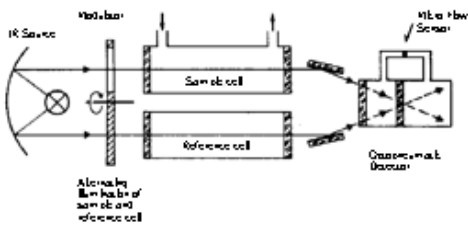
Gas Sensing and Aerosol Measurement

■ Instrumentation for gas sensing

- Spectroscopy
- Electrochemical sensors
- Semiconductor sensors

■ Aerosols

- Properties of aerosols
- Mass concentration measurement
- Particle counters
- Instrumentation for particle sizing



Metrology and Analytics

Instrumental Chemical Analytics

is replaced by

Advanced characterization methods in materials
science

Design

FEM & Simulation (Prof. Dr.-Ing. Frank Dienerowitz)

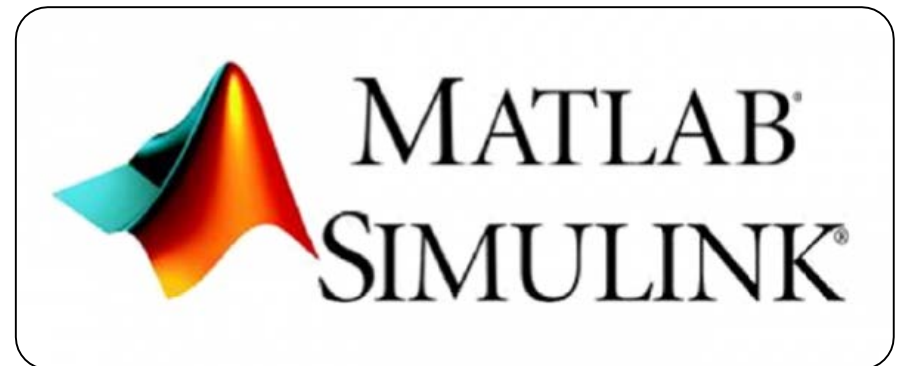
Proposal of scope (exact scope yet to be defined):

•**Ca. 65% advanced FEA simulations using *ANSYS Workbench*:**

- Contact problems, e.g. snap lock
- Structural-thermal problems, e.g. temperature induced stresses
- Multibody Dynamics, e.g. kinematic simulation of a mechanism
- Modal analysis, i.e. natural vibration frequencies and mode shapes
- Optimisation of design

•**Ca. 35% simulations using *Matlab Simulink*:**

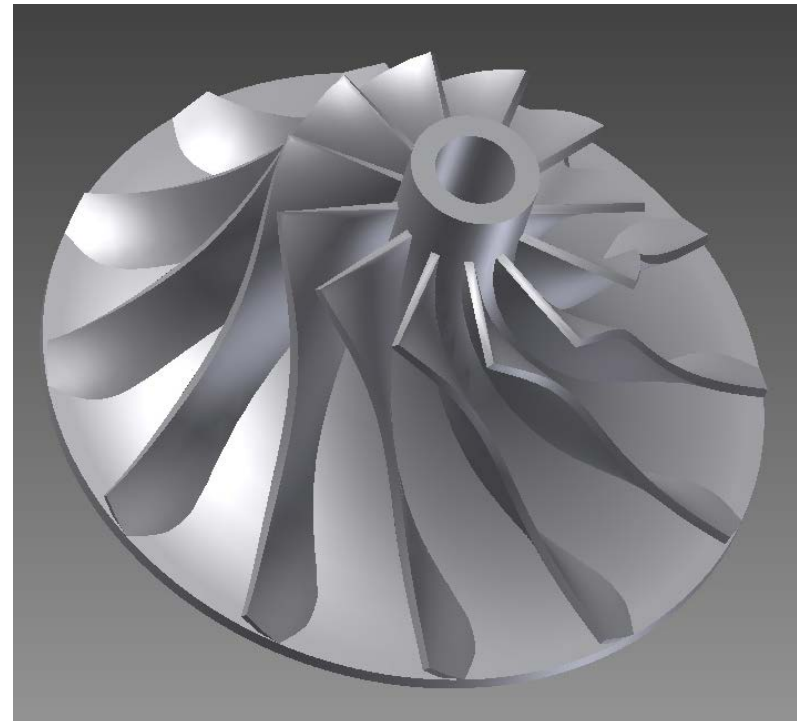
- Introduction to Matlab Simulink
- Modeling and simulation of systems, also with controllers



Design

Advanced 3D-Design

- **Lecture and lab**
- **Design project based on lecture and lab**
- Parametric design
- Design guideline
- Surface modelling
- Integrated simulation
- 3D-CAD Software
Autodesk Inventor



Design

Precision Instrumentation

- Lecture, project, presentation, report
- Project topics assigned by lecturer

- Basic rules for design of precision instruments
- Influences on instrument accuracy, error prevention principles
- State of the art designs for special task (e. g. precision drives and motion stages)